WHEN IN YOUR LIFE DID YOU REALISE NOT EVERYONE IS TREATED EQUAL?

Think about an example:

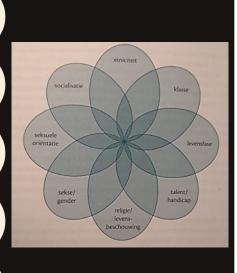
- What were the characteristics of that person?
- What were the circumstances 2

INTERSECTIONALITY

- Intersectionality thinking is an *identity theory and sociological framework*
- It offers an analytical perspective to clarify the <u>links between different social</u> <u>indicators</u> and the unique forms of discrimination that go with them.
- Every individual has a multiple social identity
- Your <u>social position</u> is determined by different signifiers, such as gender, but also nationality, ethnicity, class, religion, age, sexual orientation, legal status, and so on.
- All of these factors **influence** and **reinforce** each other (power dynamics and social inequality), creating unique experiences of discrimination or privilege.

INTERSECTIONALITY

- Challenge:
 - Being aware of your own cultural baggage and your own inner diversity.
 - Realize that your own presuppositions, values and norms do not apply to everyone
 - You let your professional actions connect and attune to the world of the other.
- In addition, the following aspects can also be distinguished such as family system, migration background or social participation



GENDER AGE SEXUAL ORIENTATION HANDICAP ABILITY ORIGIN

- Are these aspects of a person culturally, biologically or psychologically determined? Are there other influences?
- Are these aspects changeable or not?